

EARLY CHILDHOOD 16



	LITERACY SCOPE AND SEQUENC	E	P	– Introduced - Practiced						
	AY 24-25 M - Mastered A - Applied									
STRAND	STANDARDS/SKILLS (Common Core)	PRE- K	KG1	KG2						
	R.L.K.1 Key Ideas and Details:	After listening to literature, ask and answer	After shared reading, ask and	Having read, grade appropriate						
	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	questions about key details in a text.	answer questions about key details in a text.	material, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.						
	R.L.K.2 Key Ideas and Details:	After listening to	After shared	Having read, grade appropriate						
	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.	literature, retell key details.	reading, retell the story, including key details.	material, retell the story, including key details.						
	R.L.K.3 Key Ideas and Details:	With prompting and support, identify character	Identify character and setting in a	Identify character, setting and major						
E L	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.	and setting in a story. (Who? Where? When?)	story. (Who? Where? When?)	events in a story. (Who? Where? When? Problem/Solution)						
J.	R.L.K.4 Craft and Structure:	Oral Vocabulary	Vocabulary building	Vocabulary building						
1	Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	building	Sight Words Word Work	Sight Words Word Work						
\square	R.L.K.5 Craft and Structure:	Enjoy common types of texts. (Fiction and Non-	Recognize common types of	Recognize common types of texts. (Fiction and						
H	Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).	Fiction, storybooks, poems)	texts. (storybooks, poems)	Non-Fiction, storybooks, poems)						
: LITERATURE	R.L.K.6 Craft and Structure: With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.		Define the role of the author and illustrator in storytelling.	Identify the author and illustrator of a story. Define the role of the author and illustrator in						
9	R.L.K.7 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:	Given a complex	Given a complex	storytelling. Given a complex						
READIMG:	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts).	picture, describe what is happening or make connections between the picture and the story being read. I	picture, describe what is happening or make connections between the picture and the story being read. P	picture, describe what is happening or make connections between the picture and the story being read. M						
	R.L.K.8 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:									
8	(RL.K.8 not applicable to literature)									
	R.L.K.9 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:	Experience the adventures and	P Compare and	M Compare and						
	With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.	experiences of characters in similar stories through imaginative play.	contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in similar stories.	contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in similar stories.						
	R.L.K.10 Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:	Actively engage in group reading	Actively engage in group reading activities with	Actively engage in group reading activities with						
	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	activities with purpose and understanding.	purpose and understanding.	purpose and understanding. Guided Reading						
		EoD Storytime	Daily Five EoD Storytime After shared	Daily Five EoD Storytime						
7	R.I.K.1 Key Ideas and Details: With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	After listening to a brief text. Correctly answer questions asked.	reading of an informational text, ask and answer questions about key details in the	Having read, grade appropriate informational text, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.						
G: ONAI	R.I.K.2 Key Ideas and Details:		text.	M Identify the main						
	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	Null	Identify the main topic by answering "What/Who is this story about?"	topic by answering "What/Who is this story about?" Retell key details						
	R.I.K.3 Key Ideas and Details:			about the text.						
READIN ORMAT	With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.	Describe the connection between two people.	Describe the connection between two people, events.	Describe the connection between two people, events, ideas or information.						
	R.I.K.4 Craft and Structure:	Oral Vasahul	Vocabulary building	Vocabulary building						
<u> </u>	Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	Oral Vocabulary building	Sight Words	Sight Words						
2	R.I.K.5 Craft and Structure:	1 1	Word Work P	Word Work M						
	Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.	Identify the front cover and back cover.	Identify the front cover, back cover and title page.	Identify the front cover, back cover and title page.						

R.I.K.6 Craft and Structure: Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.	Role play as authors and illustrators when engaged in literature.	Define the role of the author and illustrator in texts.	Identify the author and illustrator of a text. Define the role of the author and illustrator is to the	
R.I.K.7 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:			illustrator in texts.	
With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts).	Null	Describe how illustrations support the text.	Describe how illustrations support the text and vice versa.	
R.I.K.8 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:		Identify recessors on	Identify receipe on	
(With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	Null	Identify reasons an author gives to support his/her topic/point. I,P	Identify reasons an author gives to support his/her topic/point. P,M	
R.L.K.9 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:				
With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	Compare and contrast illustrations in similar texts.	Compare and contrast similar texts. (shared reading/whole group)	Compare and contrast similar texts.	
R.L.K.10 Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:	Actively engage in	Actively engage in	Actively engage in group reading	
Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	activities with purpose and understanding.	
	EoD Storytime	Daily Five EoD Storytime	Guided Reading Daily Five	
RF.K.1 Print Concepts. Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.	Follow words left to right, top to bottom and page by page. I	Follow words left to right, top to bottom and page by page. P	Follow words left to right, top to bottom and page by page. M	
RF.K.1.A Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.	Recognize that spoken words are	Recognize that spoken words are	Recognize that spoken words are	
RF.K.1.B Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.	represented by specific letters.	written using specific letters. I, P	written using specific letters. M, A Understands that	
RF.K.1.C Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.	Null	difference between individual letters and words. P, M	words are separated by spaces when written. P, M	
RF.K.1.D Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.		Recognize and name all upper- and lower- case letters. M	Recognize and name all upper- and lower-case letters. A	
DE K 2 Phonological Awareness	Recognize and experience rhymes.	Recognize and produce rhyming	Recognize and produce rhyming	
RF.K.2 Phonological Awareness.		words.		
Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).			words.	
Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). RF.K.2.A Recognize and produce rhyming words.	Null	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. I, P	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. P, M	
RF.K.2.A Recognize and produce rhyming words. RF.K.2.B Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.	Null Null	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. I, P Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. P, M Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable	
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RF.K.2.A Recognize and produce rhyming words. RF.K.2.B Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.	Null Isolate and pronounce the sounds of all upper- and lower-case letters of the	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. I, P Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable spoken words. I, P	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. P, M Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable spoken words. P, M	
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RF.K.2.A Recognize and produce rhyming words. RF.K.2.B Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words. RF.K.2.C Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. RF.K.2.D Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.¹ (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) RF.K.2.E Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words. RF.K.3 Phonological Awareness. Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). RF.K.3.A Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3.B Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3.C Read common high-frequency words by sight	Isolate and pronounce the sounds of all upperand lower-case letters of the alphabet. Null Produce the primary sounds for all consonants. Eg. Letter "c" I, P Produce short sounds for all vowels. I, P Use common high frequency words in daily language. EC Word List is at the end of this	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. I, P Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable spoken words. I, P Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial and final sounds in CVC words. I, P Add or replace sounds in simple, one-syllable words to make new ones. eg (bag – beg – bug) (bad – leg – bud) Produce the primary sounds for all consonants. Eg. Letter "c" = /k/ M Produce short sounds for all vowels. M Read common high frequency words by sight. (EC Word List is at the end of this document.)	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. P, M Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable spoken words. P, M Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial and final sounds in CVC words. M, A Add or replace sounds in simple, one-syllable words to make new ones. eg (bag – beg – bug) (bad – leg – bud) Produce the primary and know other common sounds for all consonants. Eg. Letter "c" = k , s Produce long and short sounds for all vowels. Read common high frequency words by sight. (EC Word List is at the end of this	
RF.K.2.A Recognize and produce rhyming words. RF.K.2.B Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words. RF.K.2.C Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. RF.K.2.D Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.¹ (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) RF.K.2.E Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words. RF.K.3.Phonological Awareness. Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). RF.K.3.A Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. RF.K.3.B Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. RF.K.3.C Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does). RF.K.3.D Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters	Isolate and pronounce the sounds of all upperand lower-case letters of the alphabet. Null Produce the primary sounds for all consonants. Eg. Letter "c" I, P Produce short sounds for all vowels. I, P Use common high frequency words in daily language. EC Word List is at the end of this document.) Verbally name images that represent similarly spelled words (Word families: cat, rat, ,	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. I, P Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable spoken words. I, P Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial and final sounds in CVC words. I, P Add or replace sounds in simple, one-syllable words to make new ones. eg (bag – beg – bug) (bad – leg – bud) Produce the primary sounds for all consonants. Eg. Letter "c" = /k/ M Produce short sounds for all vowels. M Read common high frequency words by sight. (EC Word List is at the end of this document.) Distinguish between similarly spelled words by using letter sound knowledge to identify the letter that is different. (Word families: cat, rat, sat	Count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words. P, M Blend, segment onsets and rimes of single syllable spoken words. P, M Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial and final sounds in CVC words. M, A Add or replace sounds in simple, one-syllable words to make new ones. eg (bag – beg – bug) (bad – leg – bud) Produce the primary and know other common sounds for all consonants. Eg. Letter "c" = /k/, /s/ Produce long and short sounds for all vowels. Read common high frequency words by sight. (EC Word List is at the end of this document.) Distinguish between similarly spelled words by using letter sound knowledge to identify the letter that is different. (Word families: cat, rat, sat	

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W.K.1 Text Types and Purposes:	Make marks that represent their own	Compose opinion	Compose opinion pieces with: Topic/Title	
Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., <i>My favorite book is</i>).	opinion about a given topic, which they can verbally retell.	pieces with: Topic/Title Illustration Opinion sentence	Opinion sentence Support sentence 1 Support sentence 2 Support sentence 3 Illustration**	
K W.K.2 Text Types and Purposes:	Make marks that represent information	Compose informative	Compose informative pieces with:	
Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.	or detail about a given topic which they can verbally retell.	pieces with: Topic/Title Illustration w/ labels Detail sentence 1	Topic/Title Detail sentence 1 Detail sentence 2 Detail sentence 3 Illustration**	
K W.K.3 Text Types and Purposes:		Compose story with:		
Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.	Make marks that represent their own story which they can verbally retell.	Topic/Title Illustration of event Simple narration of event. Eg. (My mom sings.)	Compose story with: Topic/Title Sequence of events Illustration**	
K W.K.5 Production and Distribution of Writing:	Improve marks to			
With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	better represent what they have "written". Eg a circle is better for an apple than a line	Edit writing to improve product.	Edit writing to improve product.	
K W.K.6 Production and Distribution of Writing:				
With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	Publish writing in a variety of ways.	Publish writing in a variety of ways.	Publish writing in a variety of ways.	
K W.K.7 Build and Present Knowledge:	European a museb an of	Fundament and	Fundament and a second	
Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).	Explore a number of books by a single author. (author study day)	Explore a number of books by a single author. (author study day)	Explore a number of books by a single author. (author study day)	
K W.K.8 Build and Present Knowledge:	Recall/gather	Recall/gather	Recall/gather	
With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	information from experiences to answer a question.	information from experiences to answer a question.	information from experiences to answer a question.	
	(Field trip reflection)	(Field trip reflection)	(Field trip reflection)	
SL.K.1 Comprehension and Collaboration:				
Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions.	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions.	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions.	
SL.K.1.A Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).		Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.	Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.	
SL.K.1.B Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.				
SL.K.2 Comprehension and Collaboration:				
Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.	Answer questions about key details about texts.	Ask and answer questions about key details about texts.	Ask and answer questions about key details about texts.	
SL.K.3 Comprehension and Collaboration:	Apau	Ask and seems	Ack and coordinate	
Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.	Answer questions about key details about texts.	Ask and answer questions about key details about texts.	Ask and answer questions about key details about texts.	
SL.K.4 Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:	David.	Describe people,	Describe people,	
Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.	Describe people, places, things. (minimum 1 accurate descriptor)	places, things and events in detail. (minimum 2 accurate descriptors)	places, things and events in detail. (minimum 3 accurate descriptors)	
SL.K.5 Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:	Use drawings or	Use drawings or	Use drawings or	
Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.	other visual displays to add detail to descriptions. I	other visual displays to add detail to descriptions. P	other visual displays to add detail to descriptions. M	
SL.K.6 Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:	Speak audibly I,P	Speak audibly M	Speak audibly A	
Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	Express thoughts I,P Express feelings I,P Express ideas I,P	Express thoughts M Express feelings M Express ideas M	Express thoughts A Express feelings A Express ideas A	

PHONICS											
FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS	PRE- K	KG1			KG2						
ALPHABET KNOWLEDGE	Recite the alphabet in sequential order.	Continue the alphabet in sequential order from a given start point. (P)				Continue the alphabet in sequential order from a given start point. (M)					
LETTER RECOGNITION	Recognize all lower-case letters. Recognize all lower-case letters.	Recognize all upper-case letters on sight. (P) Recognize all lower-case letters on sight. (P)				Recognize all upper-case letters on sight. (M) Recognize all lower-case letters on sight. (M)					
PHONEMES	Produce the sound for each of the 26 letters of the alphabet as presented in lower or upper-case form. 1. s, a, t, i, p, n 2. c, k, ck, e, h, r, m, d 3. g, o, u, l, f, b 4. ai, j, ba, ie, ee, br 5. z, w, ng, v, ba, ba 6. y, x, ch, sh, th, th 7. qu, ou, oi, ue, er, ar * q	Produce the sound for each of the letters of the alphabet as presented in Jolly Phonics groups. (P, M) 1. s, a, t, i, p, n 2. c, k, ck, e, h, r, m, d 3. g, o, u, l, f, b 4. ai, j, oa, ie, ee, or 5. z, w, ng, v, oo, oo 6. y, x, ch, sh, th, th 7. qu, ou, oi, ue, er, ar				Produce the sound for each of the letters of the alphabet as presented in Jolly Phonics groups. (A) 1. s, a, t, i, p, n 2. c, k, ck, e, h, r, m, d 3. g, o, u, l, f, b 4. ai, j, oa, ie, ee, or 5. z, w, ng, v, oo, oo 6. y, x, ch, sh, th, th 7. qu, ou, oi, ue, er, ar					
LETTER FORMATION	Write some lower-case letters. Write the first letter of their name in upper case. (M) Write upper case letters. (I)	Write all lower-case letters. (M) Write all upper-case letters. (P)				Write all upper and lower-case letters. (A)					
WORD LISTS	Use words from the Word Lists in oral language.	at at am end not bad see to he all be said	sat in man did up big or I me are they	it can him get us but too do we of she	sit cat and on run back look the was your here	an ran Had mom if just yes you come there some	my a by for put read then right who over give down one were want	go is ball this his her saw goes when new live name two could saw	no put jump only play now say does what old sky many three little	so should will out as has went made where very have more four before	like would going how eat day boy their why because which any five other

WRITERS' WORKSHOP								
STANDARDS/SKILLS	PRE- K	KG1	KG2					
	We are all writers. Create a writing club.	We are all writers. Create a writing club.	We are all writers. Create a writing club.					
	Representing what we see (scribbles, pictures) onto paper.	Representing what we see and think (pictures, details) onto paper.	Representing what we see and think (pictures, labels) onto paper.					
WWS - UNIT1	Talk about a non-fictional event out loud.	Talk about a non-fictional/fictional event out loud. (P)	Talk about a non-fictional/fictional event out loud. (M)					
LAUNCHING THE	Transferring a verbalized non- fictional event onto paper. (scribbles,	Transferring a verbalized non-fictional event onto paper. (scribbles, pictures) (P)	Transferring a verbalized non-fictional event onto paper. (scribbles, pictures) (P)					
LAUNCHING THE WRITER'S	pictures) Point to and tell about their event.	Point to and tell about their event using left to right, top to bottom and page by page progression. (I,P)						
WORKSHOP	Pencil grip (I)	Pencil grip (P)	Pencil grip (M)					
VVOICESTOF	I know that pages make a book. (pictures)	Turning pieces into books. (pictures)	Turning pieces into books. (sounds, words, sentences)					
	I know the parts of a book. (front cover, back cover, author, illustrator)	I know the parts of a book. (front cover, back cover, author, illustrator, title)	I know the parts of a book. (front cover, back cover, author, illustrator, title, spine)					
			Bend 3 Writing simple sentences to narrate.					
		Bend 2 Drawing, labeling (beginning sounds and CVC words) to complement	Lesson 13 Making illustrations better by adding small details.					
		narratives.	Lesson 14 Spelling strategies:					
		Lesson 6 Using a checklist as a writing resource. (I)	Lesson 15 Using transitional words or phrases to begin a narrative. ("Once upon					
WWS – UNIT2		Lesson 7 Spelling: Median sounds (vowels)	a time", "A long time ago", "There once lived")					
	Verbally tell stories. Illustrate stories.	Lesson 8 Incorporate sight words into writing.	Lesson 16 Using a checklist as a writing resource. (P)					
NARRATIVE		Lesson 9 Stories have a clear beginning, middle and end.	Bend 4 Lesson 17 Using story elements when writing narratives. Beginning, middle, end (M)					
		Lesson 10 Mentor texts help us understand how writers complete a narrative. (beginning, middle and end)	Lesson 18 Using story elements when writing narratives. Problem, solution (P)					
		Lesson 11/12 Punctuation: some words start with an uppercase letter. Eg our names	Lesson 19 Preparing for publication: legible penmanship, organized layout (use of space), neat presentation etc.					
	,	Bend 2	Bend 3					
WWS – UNIT 3	Bend 1 Experience Informative Writing Lesson 1 Experience mentor texts that inform the reader. Lesson 2 Touch and tell steps	Write/Illustrate simple Informative Pieces Lesson 8 Experience mentor texts that model how informational texts are	Write/Illustrate Informative Pieces Lesson 13 Mimic mentor texts that model how informational texts are written. Lesson 14 Write a "How-To" book.					
INFORMATIVE	across pages. Lesson 3 Follow the steps in a book. Lesson 4 Organize pictures in sequential steps.	written. Lesson 9 Spelling tricky words Lesson 10 Verbally use transitional words.	Lesson 15 Use a checklist as a writing resource. (M) Lesson 16 Preparing for publication: legible penmanship, organized layout					
	,,	Bend 1 Experience Persuasive Writing. Verbalize simple Persuasive sentences. Lesson 1 Spelling strategies: stretching out words, word families, *clapping	(use of space), neat presentation etc. Bend 3 Write/Illustrate Persuasive Pieces Lesson Mimic mentor texts that model how persuasive texts are written. Lesson Write a persuasive text with three supporting arguments (sentences).					
WWS – UNIT 4		syllables/sounds. Lesson 2 Inspect and inquire into persuasive mentor texts through shared	Lesson 16 Preparing for publication: legible penmanship, organized layout (use of space), neat presentation etc.					
PERSUASIVE		reading. Lesson 3 Practice presenting persuasive arguments by verbally answering the question "why" with the conjunction "because".						
		I think we should go to recess early because we have been working hard since 8 am.						